

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Pid: \_\_\_\_\_

**Show all of your work. Full credit will be given only for answers with explanations.**

1. (100 points) Check all the correct statements.

- $u \cdot v = -7$ , where  $u = \langle 1, 2, 7 \rangle$  and  $v = \langle 4, -2, -1 \rangle$ .  
 Length of the projection of the vector  $\langle 2, 2, 7 \rangle$  on the line going through the vector  $\langle 3, 6, 2 \rangle$  is equal to  $\frac{32}{49}$ .  
 The angle between the vector  $\langle 1, 1, 1 \rangle$  and  $\langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle$  is equal to  $\arccos \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}$ .  
  $u \times v = w$ , where  $u = \langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle$ ,  $v = \langle 1, 2, 0 \rangle$  and  $w = \langle 1, -1, 0 \rangle$ .  
 The vector  $\langle 1, 3, 5 \rangle$  is the direction of the line defined by the equation

$$\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-3}{3} = \frac{z-5}{4}.$$

**Solution:**

- $u \cdot v = 1 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot (-2) + 7 \cdot (-1) = 4 - 4 - 7 = -7$ . Hence, the statement is true.
- Length of the projection of the vector  $u = \langle 2, 2, 7 \rangle$  on the line going through the vector  $v = \langle 3, 6, 2 \rangle$  is equal to  $\frac{u \cdot v}{|v|} = \frac{2 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 6 + 7 \cdot 2}{\sqrt{3^2 + 6^2 + 2^2}} = \frac{32}{7}$ . Hence, the statement is not true.
- Let  $u = \langle 1, 1, 1 \rangle$  and  $v = \langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle$ . Note that the angle between these two vectors is equal to  $\arccos \frac{u \cdot v}{|u| \cdot |v|} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}}$ . Hence, the statement is true.
- $u \times v = (1 \cdot 0 - 2 \cdot 0)i - (1 \cdot 0 - 0 \cdot 0)j + (1 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 1)k = k$ .
- The statement is not true, since the denominators should be equal to the components of the direction of the line.

2. Let  $A = \langle 2, 0, 0 \rangle$ ,  $B = \langle 0, 4, 0 \rangle$ .

(a) (10 points) Find a direction vector of the line that goes through the points  $A$  and  $B$ .

**Solution:** Note that the line goes in the direction  $\vec{AB} = \langle -2, 4, 0 \rangle$ .

(b) (10 points) Find a parametric form of the line that goes through the points  $A$  and  $B$ .

**Solution:** The parametric form of a line is  $r = r_0 + tv$  where  $v$  is the direction and  $r_0$  is some point from the line. Hence, the parametric form of the line that goes through the points  $A$  and  $B$  is  $r = \langle -2t, 4 + 4t, 0 \rangle$ .

(c) (10 points) Find an equation of the line that goes through the points  $A$  and  $B$ .

**Solution:** The equation of the line is  $\begin{cases} -\frac{x}{2} = \frac{y-4}{4} \\ z = 0 \end{cases}$  since the parametric form of the line is  $\langle x, y, z \rangle = \langle -2t, 4 + 4t, 0 \rangle$ .

3. (10 points) Find  $u \times v$ , where  $u = \langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle$ ,  $v = \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle$

**Solution:** Note that  $u = i + j$  and  $v = i + k$ . Hence,  $u \times v = i \times k + j \times i + j \times k = -j - k + i = \langle 1, -1, -1 \rangle$ .

4. Let  $A = \langle 1, -1, 2 \rangle$ ,  $B = \langle -1, 0, 1 \rangle$ , and  $C = \langle 0, 2, 1 \rangle$ .

- (a) (10 points) Find a vector  $n$  which is perpendicular to the plane that goes through the points  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ .

**Solution:** Let  $u = \vec{AB} = \langle -1-1, 0+1, 1-2 \rangle = \langle -2, 1, -1 \rangle$  and  $v = \vec{AC} = \langle 0-1, 2+1, 1-2 \rangle = \langle -1, 3, -1 \rangle$ . Note that we just need to find a vector  $n$  that is perpendicular to both  $u$  and  $v$ . Recall that  $u \times v$  is perpendicular to both  $u$  and  $v$ . Hence, may just choose  $n = u \times v$ . Hence, the result is  $\langle -2, 1, -1 \rangle \times \langle -1, 3, -1 \rangle = (1 \cdot (-1) - 3 \cdot (-1))i - ((-2) \cdot (-1) - (-1) \cdot (-1))j + ((-2) \cdot 3 - 1 \cdot (-1))k = 2i - j - 5k = \langle 2, -1, -5 \rangle$ .

- (b) (10 points) Find the equation of the plane passing through the points  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ .

**Solution:** Note that a vector  $v = \langle x, y, z \rangle$  is perpendicular to  $n$  iff  $v \cdot n = 0$ . In other words a point  $P$  belongs to the plane iff  $\vec{AP} \cdot n = 0$ . As a result, the equation of the plane is  $2(x-1) - (y+1) - 5 \cdot (z-2) = 0$ .